

Local Chitpops.

World Office, Rutland, Feb. 24, 1853.

If the inhabitants of Rutland are not proud of their new Depot when finished, we shall believe "there is no virtue extant." It will be a splendid edifice, worthy of any city; and reflects an enviable degree of credit not only upon those who at first projected, and have thus far carried out, the idea of its erection, but also upon those whose energy and enterprise have thus far carried forward the material of the idea with so much promptness and skill.

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Mazzini has gone to Switzerland to watch events. Kosseth's proclamation, which appears in the London times, is addressed to the Hungarian soldiers in Italy in the name of the Hungarian nation. It closes thus:

"From Rome to the land of the Sclavons, from the Sava to the country beyond the Rhine, all the people unite in one cry, shouting amid the clang of millions of arms—let God be the Judge! Down with the Tyrants! Long live the liberty of the people! Long live our country!

Washington, Feb. 23.

Senate.—Mr. Hunter, from the committee appointed to wait on the President-elect, made a report that he had accepted the office to which he had been elected.

Mr. Bright offered resolutions directing the appointment of a committee to make arrangements for the reception and inauguration of the President-elect on the 4th March.

The Army appropriation bill was taken up. A number of amendments of no great importance were adopted.

In the House, Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, from the joint committee appointed to inform Gen. Pierce of his election, reported that they had performed that duty, and that the President-elect had signified his acceptance of the office to which he had been elected.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill. Reciprocal trade with the British provinces.

Mr. Fish concluded his remarks in favor of the bill, and said if the bill should fail now, and it should be his fortune to be here next year, he should go for a more comprehensive system of reciprocity.

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Mr. Shields, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back all the unfinished business, and the committee was discharged.

The army appropriation bill was taken up, and Mr. Chase offered an amendment, appropriating \$150,000 for the exploration of Railroad routes to the Pacific. Mr. Hunter opposed it.

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Perhaps no decision of equal importance to the public and those immediately connected, was ever made in the Patent Office, as that announced to-day by the Commissioner of Patents. The application to extend Goodyear's India Rubber Patent for seven years was dismissed.

The public may henceforth have free use of the invention. From a careful perusal of the decision it appears that the present is likely to carry with it the subsequent patent, which is immediately dependent upon this. Sojourner being indispensable in both patents.

There is no appeal, as the law of 1848 gives power to the Commissioner to decide definitely. The interest involved will exceed five million dollars.

This is a great triumph for Horace H. Day, who was proved by thirteen witnesses that a convention would not be called in season to make the necessary arrangements.

We have received a communication from Brandon, suggesting a distinguished and influential temperance man of this place as a candidate for County Commissioner. As a convention has been called, and a nomination already made, it would not be advisable to publish the article, as it was written under the impression that a convention would not be called in season to make the necessary arrangements.

The Spirits of which we spoke last week, have not, according to report, done a remunerative business. The *sundries* don't operate successfully; and we may imagine the conferences between the medium and his audience similar to that between *Glenelg* and *Hodgson*, in Henry VIII.

"Glenelg—I can sell spirits from the very door." "Hodgson—Why, men I, we can see any; but will they come where you do not call to insure?"

When the call is answered, we hope to be there to see."

We are enjoying a great luxury, viz: good sleighing; "the first of the season." There has been a plenty of what might be termed "slipping," but nothing genuine in the way of snow appeared here till last Wednesday afternoon. Since then, folks have used time and horse-flesh "to kill," and they have both suffered some.

One has to get his eye-tooth cut now-days before he can live and grow fat at boarding houses. Experience has already performed this operation for *Jake*. The other evening, as he seated himself at the table of his new landlady,—who, by the way, had been accustomed to do a great many little services for her other boarders while taking their meals, such as appertaining the condiments, suited her notions of economical propriety,—the kind old lady asked him how he would take his tea.

"Clear, madam, if you please—always," said he; and it was given him accordingly.

Three persons were shot. The citizens took no part in the insurrections.

Altogether the accounts of the insurrection are vague and unsatisfactory; one account says the conflict was sharp and brief. The insurgents are mostly without arms.

Wholesale arrests were made. 200 families had taken refuge at Tassino. Additional particulars are looked for in the U. S. Senate.

UNITED STATES HOTEL BURNT AT CHICAGO.—Thursday, Feb. 17.—About 12 o'clock last night the United States Hotel in this city took fire, and was totally destroyed with several adjoining buildings—12 horses perished in the flames. The loss is over \$25,000. In March, lost the Whigs carry the State during their absence!

Another letter from Milan states that the insurgents were without efficient arms, and have no capable leaders.

All persons taken in open act of rebellion, were instantly shot.

The principal citizens of Milan are arrested.

The Austrian government had sent to Napoleon a list of the Italians in Paris, who are suspected of having favored the movement.

ENGLAND.—The English Parliament met on Tuesday and discussed a programme of business.

A convention between Great Britain and China had been ratified.

A new commercial treaty between Austria and Russia is officially announced.

The Greek succession had been ratified in London.

The Sardinian ministry had been called hastily together to consider the state of Lombardy.

Gov. MARCY has reached Washington, in accordance, it is inferred, with an invitation from the President to accept a Cabinet Appointment.

The people of Rhode Island are to vote on the 6th of April upon the adoption or repeal of the Anti-Slavery Law.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.

An unfortunate sequel to the late affair between Postmaster General Hubbard and the Hon. George Briggs, Member of Congress from New York, occurred at the Capitol to day. The parties met in a dark passage, near the House Library. Mr. Hubbard grasped Mr. Briggs' hand, exclaiming—"How are you, Briggs?"

Mr. Briggs shook hands, but in a moment discovered his mistake, and following Mr. Hubbard, up to the House of Representatives, said—"I have just shaken hands with you. I wish to retract that act of politeness. You have insulted me, and I have publicly called you no gentleman."

Mr. Hubbard answered—"Just as you please. You are beneath my notice."

Mr. Briggs with his left hand immediately slapped Mr. Hubbard's right cheek, saying—"Will you make no resistance?" None being offered, Mr. Briggs continued—"I have said that you are no honorable man in public. I have now slapped your face—don't resent it."

Mr. Hubbard replied, "Strike away, Briggs. I shan't strike back for you are beneath my contempt."

Mr. Briggs then struck him on the left side of his head with his right hand, and repeated the blow once or twice.

The bystanders interceded before any serious injury was inflicted.

Mr. L. T. Garrison has started a new paper at Springfield, called the Free Soil Telegraph. The appearance of its first number is quite respectable.

It gives us pleasure to surrender the license to Rutland County in the Temperance vote of the 8th.—[Bar. Cour-

Latest Intelligence.

Last and Important from Europe.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.

The *Analyst* arrived at this port at P. M., and brings 40 passengers, having made the passage in 11 days.

ITALY.—The most important news is the account of an insurrection at Milan, on the 6th and 8th of February. The Austrians say that the revolt was quelled with five persons being killed. The Patriots say 300 were killed.

The Patriots attacked the barracks, and it is said massacred the garrison. The people rose in three parts of the city at the same time.

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Budget of Varieties.

W. R. Astor, of New York, has subscribed \$13,000 for the building of St. Luke's Hospital in that city. Another gentleman who will not let his name be known, has subscribed \$10,000. Such charity as this latter, we seldom hear of.

THE FOREST DIVORCE ISSUE.—The case of Wm. H. Dury, charged with perjury, is proceeding slowly in the New York Court of Sessions, and from present appearances, will occupy as long a period as the celebrated divorce case, in which his partner alleged to have been perjured. Mr. Edwin Forrest was under examination the greater part of Friday, and directly after that he was not on board a boat on the North River any month during the year to which My Dot testified, except that he might have been a passenger as far as the village of Yonkers.

Mr. R. G. Latham, of Washington, offers a prize of hundred dollars for the best national poem, ode or epic, which shall be written between this and the 19th of December next, and sent to the Smithsonian Institute, where a committee designated by Mr. Latham, from conspicuous men at Washington, will decide the question of merit.

LOTTERIES.—A lottery was held at the State Fair, in New York, on Saturday evening, Dec. 20, 1852.

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